New prinsepiol-type lignan from helianthemum sessiliflorum

Imane BENABDELAZIZ¹, Hamada HABA¹, Mohammed BENKHALED¹, Catherine LAVAUD², Dominique HARAKAT², Laurence MARCOURT³, Jean-Luc WOLFENDER³

¹ Laboratoire de Chimie et Chimie de l'Environnement (L.C.C.E), Département de Chimie, Faculté des Sciences, Université de Batna, Batna 05000, Algérie

² Laboratoire de pharmacognosie, Institut de Chimie Moléculaire de Reims, CNRS UMR 6229, BP 1039, 51097 Reims Cedex 2, France

Email: i.benabdelaziz@yahoo.fr

Helianthemum is a genus of plants including around 110 species, belongs to the Cistaceae family also known as rock rose. This genus is growing in America, Europe and Northern Africa. However, the Mediterranean region is considered its center of diversity. Helianthemum sessiliflorum Pers. is one of species of this genus that showed previously anti-inflammatory and analgesic activities. In addition, the aerial parts of this plant are recommended in folk medicine in case of cutaneous lesion. The phytochemical investigation of the AcOEt *n*-BuOH extracts of the aerial parts of *H. sessiliflorum* resulted in the characterization of one new lignan named 1-O-acetyl prinsepiol, together with twenty seven known bioactive compounds. Furthermore, the antioxidant and antibacterial activities of different extracts of *H. sessiliflorum* were determined.

Keywords: *Helianthemum sessiliflorum*, Cistaceae, lignans, phenolics, NMR.

³Phytochemistry and Biactive Natural Products, School of Pharmaceutical Science, EPGL, University og Geneva, Geneva, Switzerland